FedRAMP: A Practical Approach

Katy Warren

Rock Sabetto

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FedRAMP Agenda

- **Introduction**
- **Process**
- **Considerations**
- **DoD FedRAMP+**
- **Closing Thoughts**

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Cloud Primer: 5, 4, 3

- **5 Essential Cloud Computing Characteristics**
  - *Resource Pooling*. Compute resources can be shared by multiple users
  - *On Demand*. Compute resources can be "spun up" as they are needed (and torn down, put back in the pool as they are no longer needed)
  - *Broadband Access*. The cloud environment is online (typically via the Internet / ISP) and is accessible from remote locations
  - *Metered Services*. Compute resource usage is measured for the purposes of billing, accounting, SLA measurement, etc.
  - *Rapid Elasticity*. Cloud environment can scale up (or down) quickly to accommodate new users and/or new compute requirements from existing users

- **4 Cloud Deployment Models**
  - *Private*. Solely for an organization
  - *Community*. Shared by multiple organizations from a community with shared concerns (e.g., mission, security requirements)
  - *Public*. Shared by many tenants, to include businesses and the general public. Owned by a cloud service provider
  - *Hybrid*. Some combination of the above, and potentially on premise IT as well
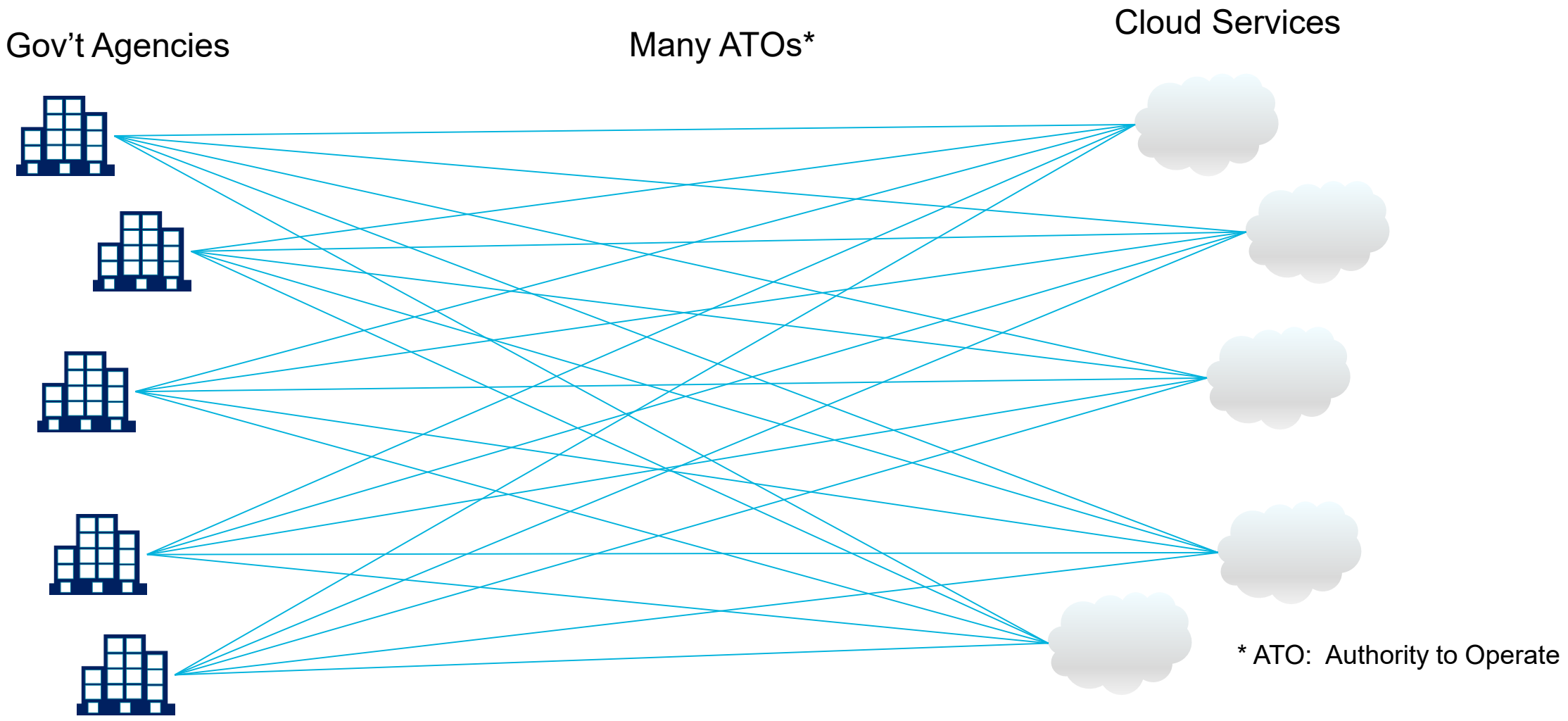- **3 Cloud Service Models**
  - *IaaS* (infrastructure)
  - *PaaS* (platform)
  - *SaaS* (software)
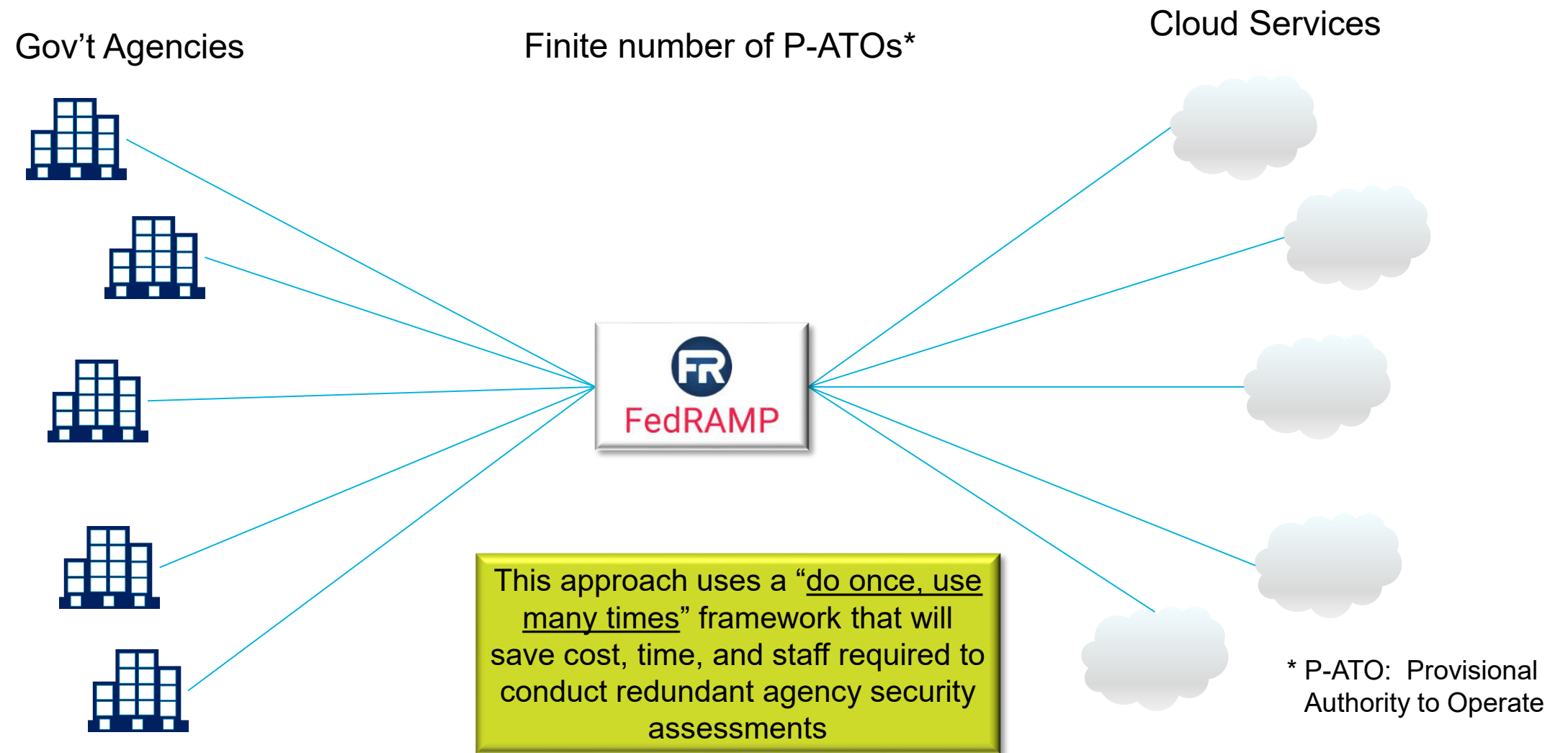
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FedRAMP Introduction

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Before the creation of the *Federal Risk and Authorization Management Program (FedRAMP)*

Gov't Agencies

Many ATOs*

Cloud Services

* ATO: Authority to Operate

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After FedRAMP

Gov't Agencies

Finite number of P-ATOs*

Cloud Services

FedRAMP

This approach uses a "do once, use many times" framework that will save cost, time, and staff required to conduct redundant agency security assessments

* P-ATO: Provisional Authority to Operate

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Federal Risk and Authorization Management Program (FedRAMP)

- **FedRAMP is a Government-wide Cloud Program**
  - Provides standardized approach to security assessment and authorization
  - Ensures POA&M* remediation and continuous monitoring

- **Memo issued by 2nd CIO of the US, Steven VanRoekel**
  - Published to federal agency CIOs on December 8, 2011
  - Defining how federal agencies should use FedRAMP

- **Hosted by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB)**

- **Current FedRAMP Director - Matt Goodrich**

* POA&M: Plan of Actions and Milestones

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FedRAMP Governing Bodies

- **FedRAMP PMO (GSA):** Administers FedRAMP, providing standard guidance and information
- **Joint Authorization Board (JAB):** Primary governance and decision-making body for FedRAMP. Members from CIO offices of DHS, GSA, and DOD. Grants P-ATOs, accredits 3PAOs, defines security requirements
- **CIO Council:** Disseminates FedRAMP information to Federal CIOs
- **DHS:** Manages FedRAMP continuous monitoring strategy including data feed criteria, reporting structure, threat notification coordination, and incident response
- **DOD:** Created FedRAMP+ model with Information Impact Levels for DOD programs
- **NIST:** Advises FedRAMP on FISMA compliance, assists in developing standards for 3PAOs accreditation
- **OMB:** Issued FedRAMP policy memo defining key FedRAMP requirements and capabilities

OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

• FedRAMP PMO

JOINT AUTHORIZATION BOARD

• ISMIC GUIDANCE
• CROSS AGENCY COORDINATION

• FISMA STANDARDS
• TECHNICAL ADVISORS
• TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

• US-CERT INCIDENT COORDINATION
• CONTINUOUS MONITORING DATA ANALYSIS

Image Source: https://www.fedramp.gov/governance/

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FedRAMP Today

We cover more than **5 MILLION ASSETS** of the world's largest cloud providers

and **1/3** of the world's internet traffic through our program

WE NOW OFFER

4 security baselines so government can match security to risk

HIGH (421 controls)

LOW (125 controls)

MODERATE (325 controls)

LI SAAS (38 controls)

150+ CSPs

100+ Agencies

40+ Auditors

Agencies reuse authorizations an average of **6X** = **>$130 MILLION** in cost avoidance

Image Source: https://www.fedramp.gov/about/

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FedRAMP builds upon existing policy, frameworks

Agencies leverage FedRAMP process, heads of agencies understand, accept risk and grant ATOs

FedRAMP builds upon NIST SPs establishing common cloud computing baseline supporting risk based decisions

OMB A-130 provide policy, NIST Special Publications provide risk management framework

Congress passes FISMA as part of 2002 eGov Act

Congress establishes that Agency heads are responsible for information security

Pyramid levels (top to bottom):
- Agency ATO
- FedRAMP Security Requirements
- OMB A-130 / NIST SP 800-37, 800-137, 800-53
- eGov Act of 2002 includes Federal Information Security Management Act (FISMA)
- Clinger-Cohen Act of 1996

Image Source: *NIST FedRAMP overview, 7/10/2014*
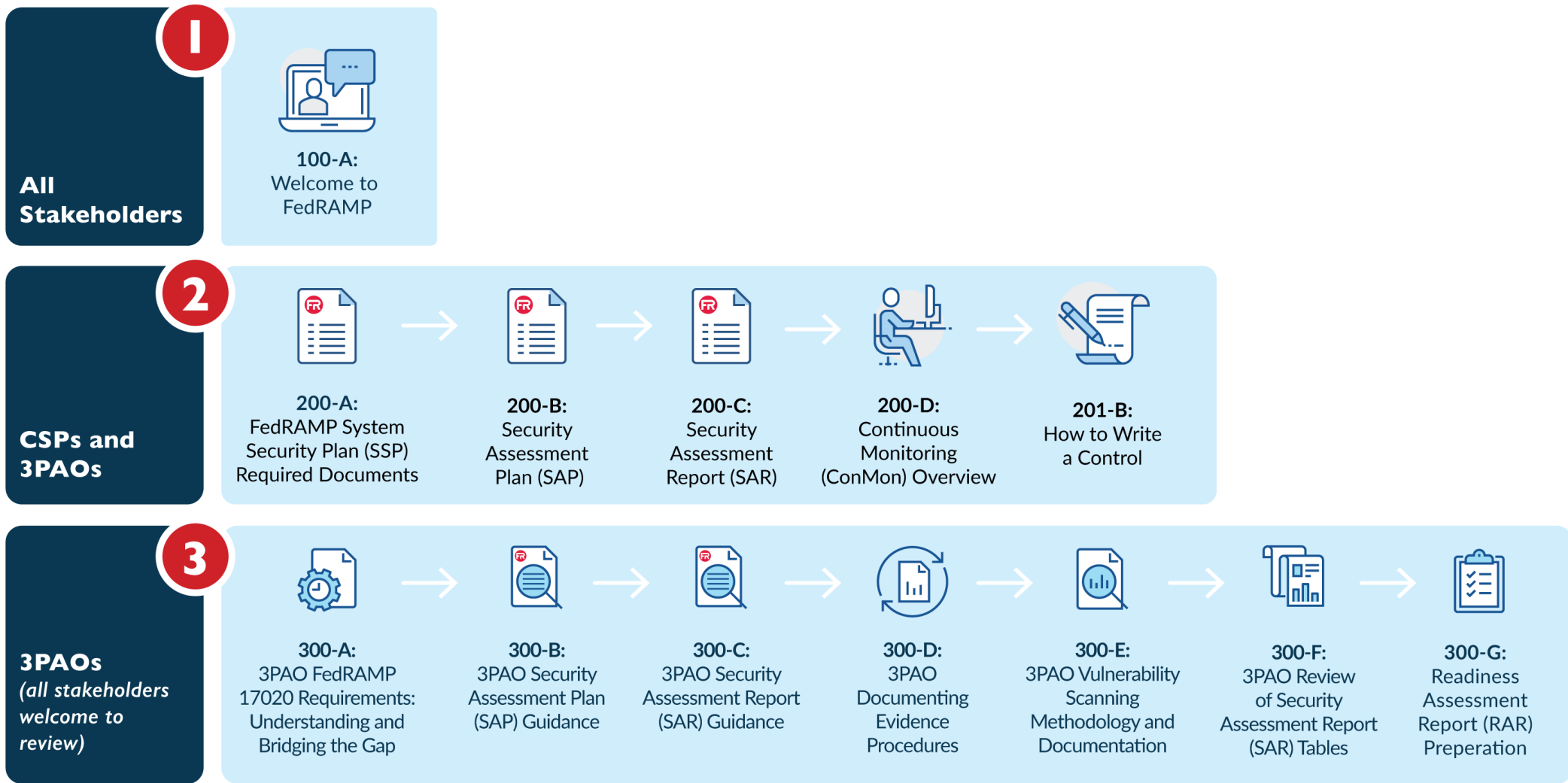Note: Image adapted by MITRE to include Clinger-Cohen

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FedRAMP Partners

- **Agency**
  - Owner of the operational systems and information
  - Accountable for security: owns the risk associated with moving to cloud. Grants the ATO
  - Over 100 Agencies have implemented FedRAMP-compliant cloud solutions*

- **CSP (Cloud Service Provider)**
  - Provides cloud service to the Agency
  - Responsible for obtaining P-ATO (provisional)
  - Current providers include: AWS, Microsoft (Azure), IBM, Google, Oracle, Salesforce
  - Currently there are 102 authorized CSPs*

- **3PAO (Third Party Assessment Organization)**
  - Accredited, independent CSP assessors
  - Perform initial and periodic assessments of CSPs against FedRAMP security requirements
  - Currently there are 43 authorized 3PAOs*

* www.fedramp.gov as of 6/4/2018

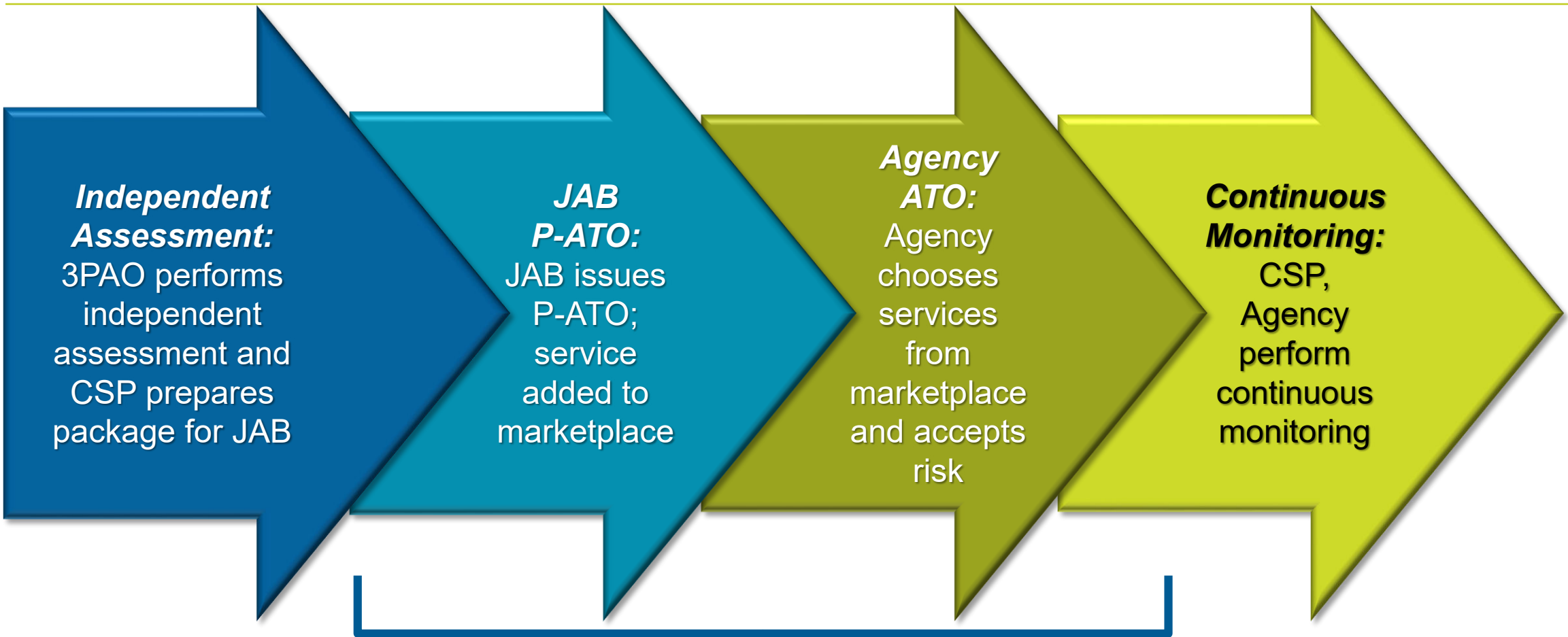MITRE

FedRAMP Learning Paths for CSPs, 3PAOs, and Agencies

All Stakeholders

1

100-A: Welcome to FedRAMP

CSPs and 3PAOs

2

200-A: FedRAMP System Security Plan (SSP) Required Documents → **200-B:** Security Assessment Plan (SAP) → **200-C:** Security Assessment Report (SAR) → **200-D:** Continuous Monitoring (ConMon) Overview → **201-B:** How to Write a Control

3PAOs *(all stakeholders welcome to review)*

3

300-A: 3PAO FedRAMP 17020 Requirements: Understanding and Bridging the Gap → **300-B:** 3PAO Security Assessment Plan (SAP) Guidance → **300-C:** 3PAO Security Assessment Report (SAR) Guidance → **300-D:** 3PAO Documenting Evidence Procedures → **300-E:** 3PAO Vulnerability Scanning Methodology and Documentation → **300-F:** 3PAO Review of Security Assessment Report (SAR) Tables → **300-G:** Readiness Assessment Report (RAR) Preperation

Image Source: *https://www.fedramp.gov/training/*

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FedRAMP Process

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Overall FedRAMP Process

Independent Assessment: 3PAO performs independent assessment and CSP prepares package for JAB

JAB P-ATO: JAB issues P-ATO; service added to marketplace

Agency ATO: Agency chooses services from marketplace and accepts risk

Continuous Monitoring: CSP, Agency perform continuous monitoring

Next slides focus on JAB P-ATO and Agency ATO processes

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FedRAMP Process: JAB P-ATO

- CSPs obtain Provisional ATO (P-ATO) to provide service to Federal organizations via 3PAO companies
- P-ATO is granted by FedRAMP's Joint Authorization Board (JAB)
- Authorization Package minimally includes Security Plan (SSP), Security Assessment Plan and Report (SAP, SAR), POA&M, Continuous Monitoring Plan
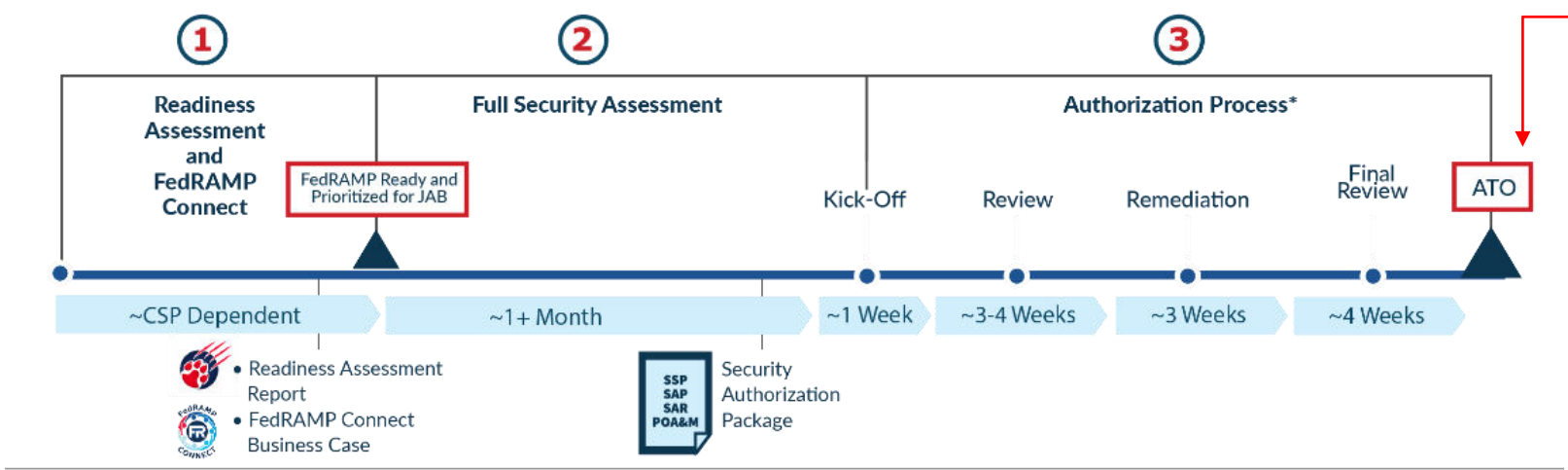
Note: image, copied from FedRAMP.gov, refers to the CSP P-ATO as "ATO".

Note: Agencies seeking services which have not obtained P-ATO may sponsor this process, and may be able to share cost with the CSP since the CSP will benefit from providing the service.

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FedRAMP Marketplace

Agency by Agency list of CSPs, CSP services in use

https://marketplace.fedramp.gov/#/products?sort=productName

Chapter 8. Role of the Architect...   The Federal Risk And Mana...

Find: 8.5   Previous Next   Options ▾

| Products | Agencies | Assessors |

CSP offerings with JAB P-ATO or Agency ATO

3PAO companies with approval to "assess" CSPs

✖ Clear All

Search by Provider or Product

180 results

Name ▲	Service Models ⇕	Impact Level ⇕	Status ⇕	⇕
CLOUD.GOV **18F Cloud.gov**	PaaS	Moderate	FedRAMP Authorized	**7** Authorizations
19O1 roup. **in3sight**	IaaS SaaS	Moderate	FedRAMP Authorized	**2** Authorizations
Accellion **Kiteworks Federal Cloud**	SaaS	Moderate	FedRAMP Authorized	**2** Authorizations
accenture High performance. Delivered. **Accenture Federal Cloud ERP**	SaaS	Moderate	FedRAMP Authorized	**2** Authorizations
accenture High performance. Delivered. **Accenture Insights Platform (AIP) For Government**	PaaS	Moderate	FedRAMP Authorized	**1** Authorizations
acendre people	development	performance **Acendre Talent Management Solution Suite**	SaaS	Moderate	FedRAMP In Process	**0** Authorizations

Status −
  Ready
  In Process
  Authorized

Authorization Type −
  Agency
  CSP
  JAB

Products Authorized +

Service Models +

Deployment Models +

Agencies +
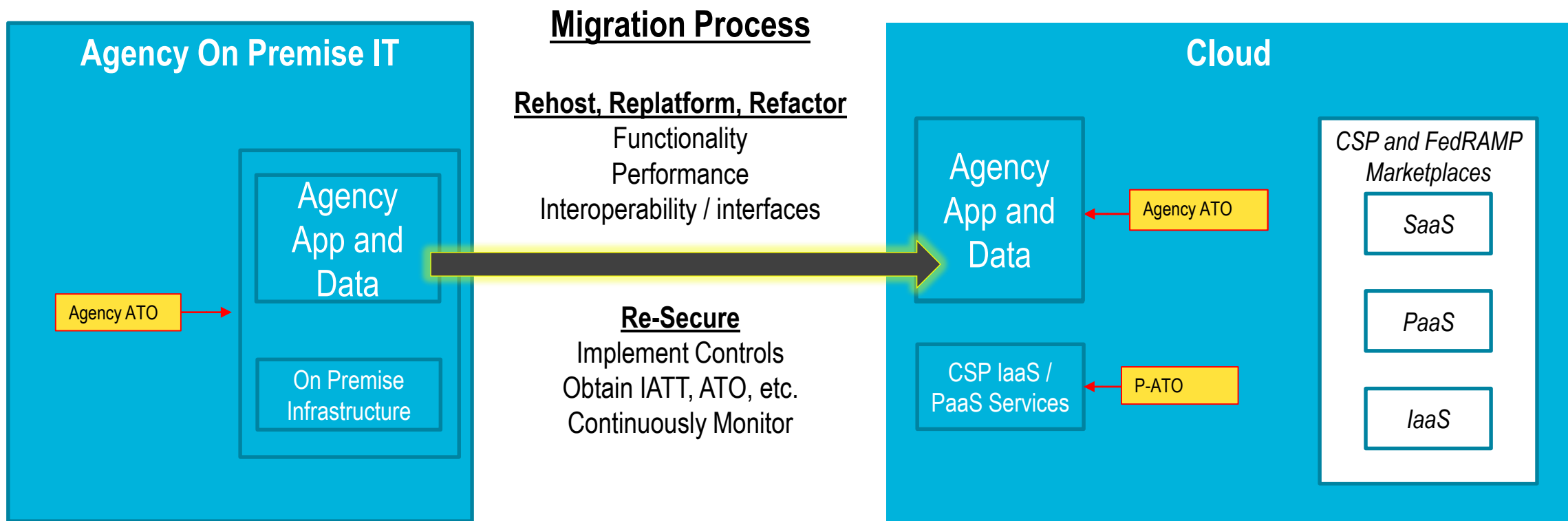
Impact Level +

Providers +

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FedRAMP Process: Agency Authorization

- Process used in cases where CSP service will serve one Agency or a small number of Agencies

- Agency grants ATO, using similar documentation package. Can be augmented with additional controls

- Other Agencies can leverage Agency ATO directly, but must accept risk

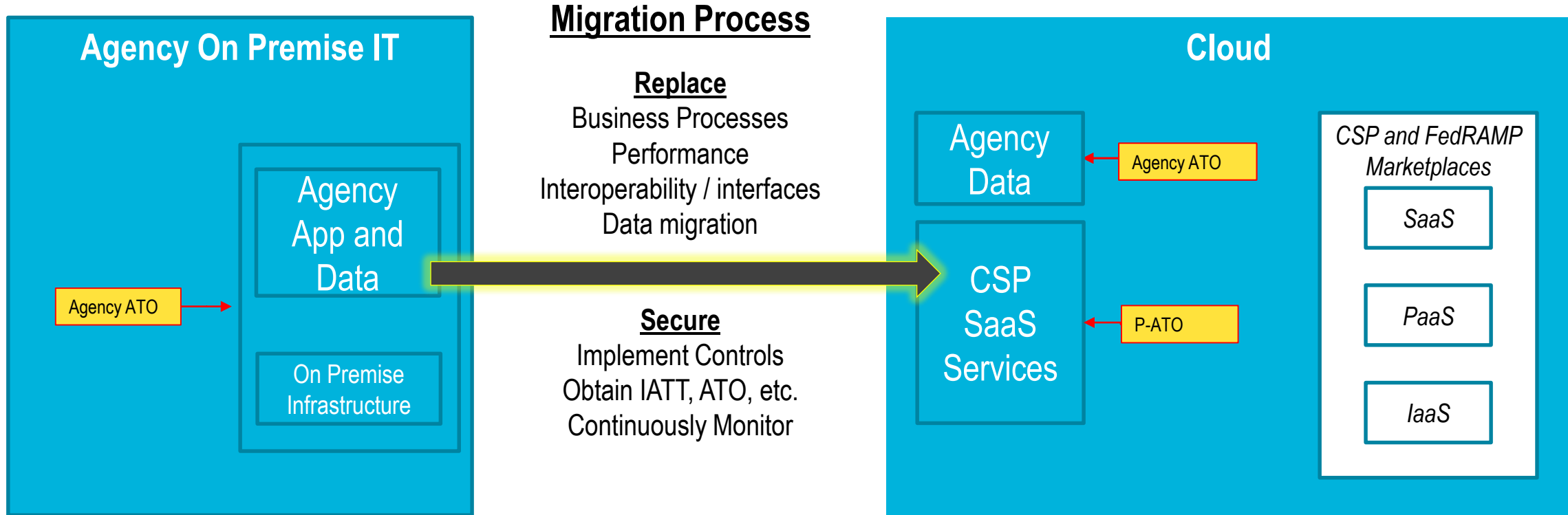- Agency authorizations may include IATT, IATO, risk acceptance memorandum, etc.

Note: this process is described in detail in the *FedRAMP Agency Authorization Playbook* available on the FedRAMP public website

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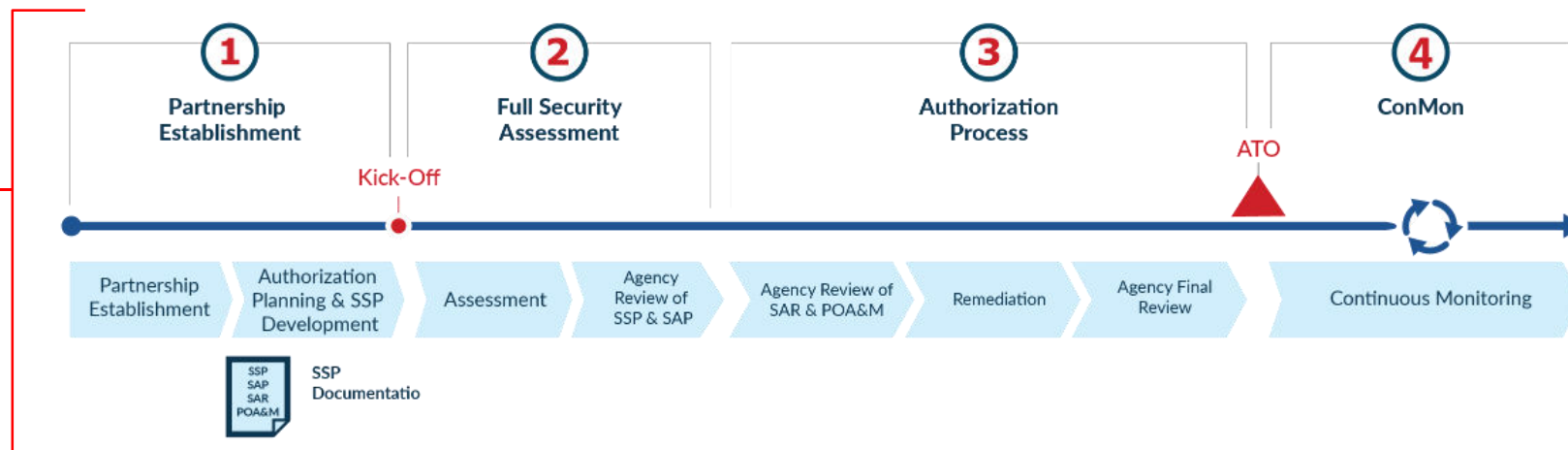
Example: Legacy Application Migration and ATOs

Migration Process

Agency On Premise IT

Rehost, Replatform, Refactor
Functionality
Performance
Interoperability / interfaces

Agency
App and
Data

Agency ATO

On Premise
Infrastructure

Re-Secure
Implement Controls
Obtain IATT, ATO, etc.
Continuously Monitor

Cloud

Agency
App and
Data

Agency ATO

CSP IaaS /
PaaS Services

P-ATO

CSP and FedRAMP
Marketplaces

SaaS

PaaS

IaaS

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Example: Migration to SaaS and ATOs

Agency On Premise IT

Agency App and Data

Agency ATO →

On Premise Infrastructure

Migration Process

Replace
Business Processes
Performance
Interoperability / interfaces
Data migration

Secure
Implement Controls
Obtain IATT, ATO, etc.
Continuously Monitor

Cloud

Agency Data ← Agency ATO

CSP SaaS Services ← P-ATO

CSP and FedRAMP Marketplaces

SaaS

PaaS

IaaS

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FedRAMP Considerations

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Considerations (1 of 3)

- **FISMA compliance is mandatory.** Agencies comply with FISMA by applying NIST controls. For Federal Agency cloud deployments at low, moderate, and high risk impact levels, FedRAMP provides a proven, NIST-based path for FISMA compliance.

- **Median Cost** for CSP to Obtain FedRAMP P-ATO = $2.25M (50% engineering work, 50% process). Ongoing Cost = $1M to maintain Continuous Monitoring. Source: Continuum GRC site

- **Time to ATO**
  - 2014 – 16 months for JAB P-ATO, 13 months for Agency ATO; 2016 – 7 months for JAB P-ATO, 7 months for Agency ATO. Source: 2017 independent study by Coalfire 3PAO
  - Reduction in times have been driven by the "FedRAMP Accelerated" initiative. The processes described in this briefing are the result of this initiative. More details are available here: https://www.fedramp.gov/assets/resources/documents/FedRAMP_Accelerated_A_Case_Study_For_Change_Within_Government.pdf

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Considerations (2 of 3)

- **Data Ownership.** Government Agencies should carefully assess the data ownership portions of CSP contracts and SLAs. This is particularly important if the government wants to get the data out of the CSP (e.g., to move it on premise or to another CSP)

- **TIC Compliance.** TIC compliant architectures are required through the FedRAMP security controls baseline. TIC compliance is a hybrid responsibility with CSPs needing to have an architecture that supports TIC and Agencies enforcing TIC routing and compliance

- **POA&M Remediation.** A CSP has 30 days for remediating high POA&M items, 90 days for remediating moderate POA&M items, and 180 days to remediate low POA&M items

- **Change Management**
  - CSPs changing existing services (IaaS/PaaS/SaaS with JAB P-ATO) will document the change in the FedRAMP Significant Change Form and submit to FedRAMP for approval.
  - Agencies changing their cloud-hosted systems (i.e., systems they have installed on top of CSP services) will follow Agency-specific change control procedures

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Considerations (3 of 3)

- **FedRAMP Security Baselines.** FedRAMP (like FISMA) uses (but is not limited to) NIST SP 800-53 r4 security controls:
  - HIGH = 421 Controls
  - MODERATE = 325 Controls
  - LOW = 125 Controls
  - LOW IMPACT (LI-SaaS) = 38 Controls (FedRAMP Tailored)
  - Controls are all downloadable via FedRAMP website
  - Notes:
    - Currently the only Approved FedRAMP HIGH CSPs are AWS, Azure, CSRA, Oracle, Workplace.Gov, Zscaler
    - FedRAMP Tailored LI-SaaS minimum requirements are described in the "FedRAMP Tailored Security Requirements for LI-SaaS" document, including restriction of PII to SaaS login information only
- **Automation.** FedRAMP is working with NIST to begin implementing OSCAL (Open Security Controls Assessment Language). OSCAL is an emerging control language for security authorization that seeks to introduce automation and reduce subjectivity in control assessments

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DoD FedRAMP+

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FedRAMP+

- **DoD established "FedRAMP+" (FedRAMP-Plus)** containing additional security controls beyond basic FedRAMP

- **FedRAMP+ P-ATO process**
  - Similar to, but separate from, the base FedRAMP process
  - Leverages NIST RMF (NIST SP 800-37R1)
  - Includes establishing "<u>Impact Levels</u>" that define specific requirements for Unclassified data that is not sensitive / somewhat sensitive / very sensitive / classified. Impact levels are 2, 4, 5, 6

- **Many non-DoD agencies accept FedRAMP+**
  - Agencies may leverage the added security requirements
  - Usually, DoD does not accept other agency ATOs

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FedRAMP+ Information Impact Level Comparison
Source: DoD Cloud Computing Security Requirements Guide, 3/6/2017

IMPACT LEVEL	INFORMATION SENSITIVITY	SECURITY CONTROLS	LOCATION	OFF-PREMISES CONNECTIVITY	SEPARATION	PERSONNEL REQUIREMENTS
2	PUBLIC or Non-critical Mission Information	FedRAMP v2 Moderate	US / US outlying areas or DoD on-premises	Internet	Virtual / Logical PUBLIC COMMUNITY	National Agency Check and Inquiries (NACI)
4	CUI or Non-CUI Non-Critical Mission Information Non-National Security Systems	Level 2 + CUI-Specific Tailored Set	US / US outlying areas or DoD on-premises	NIPRNet via CAP	Virtual / Logical Limited "Public" Community Strong Virtual Separation Between Tenant Systems & Information	US Persons ADP-1 Single Scope Background Investigation (SSBI)
5	Higher Sensitivity CUI Mission Critical Information National Security Systems	Level 4 + NSS & CUI-Specific Tailored Set	US / US outlying areas or DoD on-premises	NIPRNet via CAP	Virtual / Logical FEDERAL GOV. COMMUNITY Dedicated Multi-Tenant Infrastructure Physically Separate from Non-Federal Systems Strong Virtual Separation Between Tenant Systems & Information	ADP-2 National Agency Check with Law and Credit (NACLC) Non-Disclosure Agreement (NDA)
6	Classified SECRET National Security Systems	Level 5 + Classified Overlay	US / US outlying areas or DoD on-premises CLEARED / CLASSIFIED FACILITIES	SIPRNET DIRECT With DoD SIPRNet Enclave Connection Approval	Virtual / Logical FEDERAL GOV. COMMUNITY Dedicated Multi-Tenant Infrastructure Physically Separate from Non-Federal and Unclassified Systems Strong Virtual Separation Between Tenant Systems & Information	US Citizens w/ Favorably Adjudicated SSBI & SECRET Clearance NDA

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DoD Cloud Services: Assessment and Authorization Roles
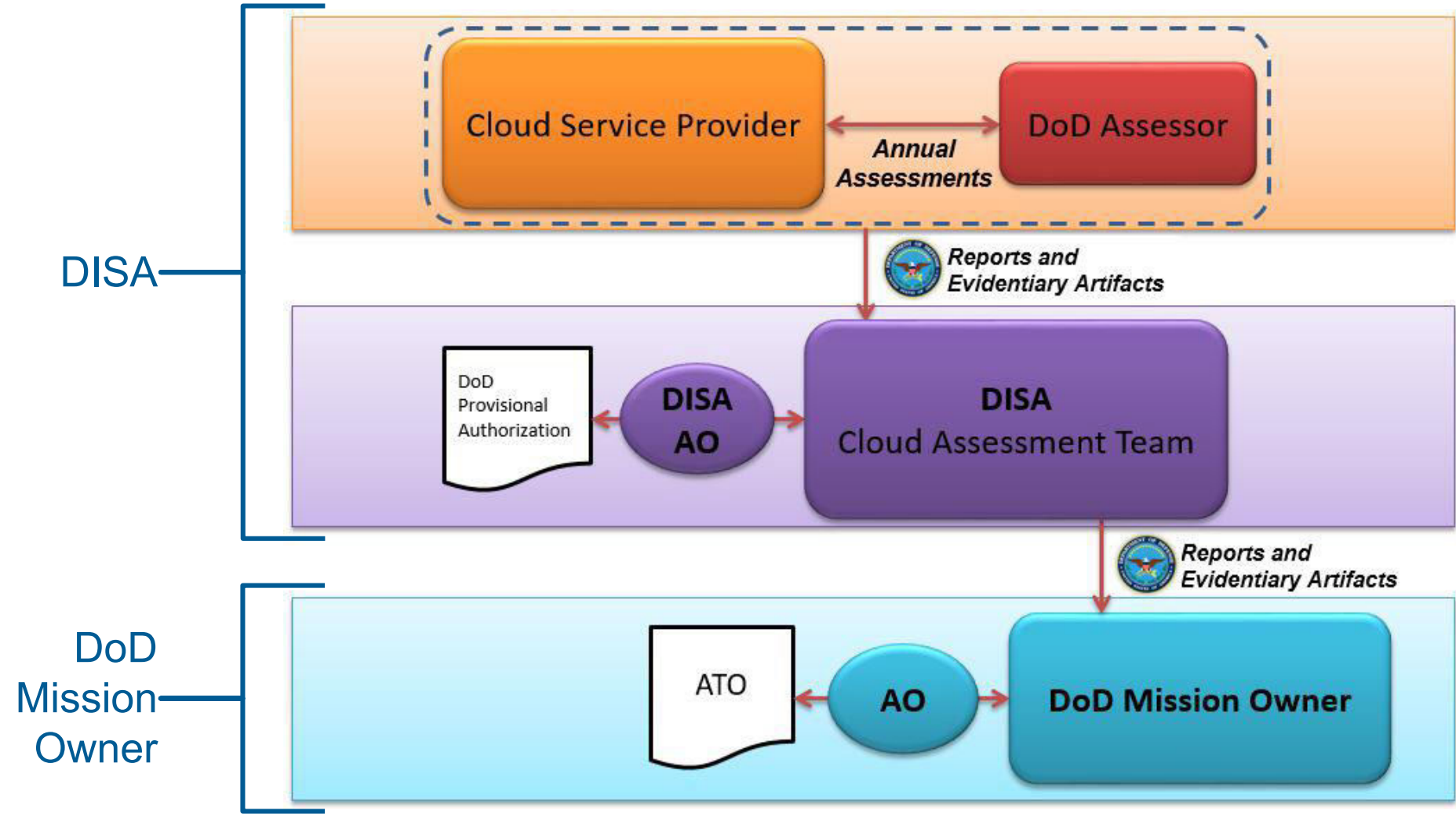## Source: DoD Cloud Computing Security Requirements Guide, 3/6/2017

Image Source: DoD Cloud Computing SRG, *Figure 6 – DoD Continuous Monitoring for DoD Assessed CSOs*

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Closing Thoughts

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Closing Thoughts

- **FedRAMP is achieving the objective to "do once, use many times"**
  - Effectively reducing time and expense required for Agencies to adopt cloud services
  - Over 100 Agencies, 150 CSPs, and 40 3PAO Assessors have successfully leveraged FedRAMP
- **Understanding FedRAMP is an important part of cloud adoption, but…**
  - FedRAMP addresses security, but does not cover funding, acquisition, engineering, operational, governance, or agency-specific security / change control requirements

Agencies are accountable for security

CSOs with JAB P-ATO still require Agency ATO

This is true even if the Agency is leveraging a SaaS solution: the Agency must still ensure data is protected

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Questions?

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Sources

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- Coalfire Report, "Securing Your Cloud Solutions: Research and Analysis on Meeting FedRAMP / Government Standards", 2017

- FedRAMP Industry Day briefing, FedRAMP, 6/4/2014

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