



U.S. Public Is Worried about Security of Critical Infrastructure

The U.S. public agrees, almost universally, that protecting critical infrastructure is essential to our daily lives, national security, and having a global advantage. Critical infrastructure in this context is defined as "the systems, facilities, and services that are vital for the functioning of our society and economy such as energy, water, transportation, communications, healthcare, and financial systems."

With temporary failures of critical infrastructure on the rise in recent years, 8-in-10 U.S. residents are worried about how secure our critical infrastructure may be. In particular, the MITRE-Harris Poll survey revealed:

- Across all regions of the country, the U.S. public is concerned for our critical infrastructure, but homeowners, urban residents, and people over the age of 27 are the most concerned.
- Cyberattacks, terrorism, and aging/failing infrastructure are considered the greatest risks to our critical infrastructure.
- The U.S. public is evenly split on its confidence that we have the systems and resources to recover if our critical infrastructure gets attacked.
- 78% believe the federal government bears full or partial responsibility for fortifying our critical infrastructure. 49% say
 it's the responsibility of both public and private entities to fix and fortify our critical infrastructure, while 29% believe
 the federal government is solely responsible.



Threats to Critical Infrastructure Are Unequivocal and Tangible



Threats to our nation's critical infrastructure have heightened dramatically as the Chinese Communist Party and others have accelerated their capacity to conduct cyber attacks on our systems. The MITRE-Harris Poll shows that the public is worried about these threats to the vital services we depend on every day, and MITRE is in a unique position to connect government and critical infrastructure providers to take steps now to secure them.



Charles Clancy Ph.D.

Senior Vice President, Chief Technology Officer, MITRE



Research Method

This survey was conducted by The Harris Poll on behalf of MITRE via its Harris On Demand omnibus product.



Sample Size:

n=2,046



Mode:

Online survey



Field Dates:

February 13-15, 2024



Qualification Criteria:

U.S. residents Adults ages 18+



Weighting:

Data weighted to ensure results are projectable to U.S. adults ages 18+



In tables and charts:

Percentages may not add up to 100% due to weighting, computer rounding, and/or the acceptance of multiple responses.



The Time to Prepare Is Now



The Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA) and other government agencies have been beating the drum to wake up critical infrastructure operators and Congress as to the potential threats on our energy, water, communications, and transportation systems. CISA offers numerous resources to help operators prepare for attacks, but more support is needed to counter the increased frequency and sophistication of these threats. Our poll shows that the public deems these services crucial to our daily lives and national security.



Yosry Barsoum

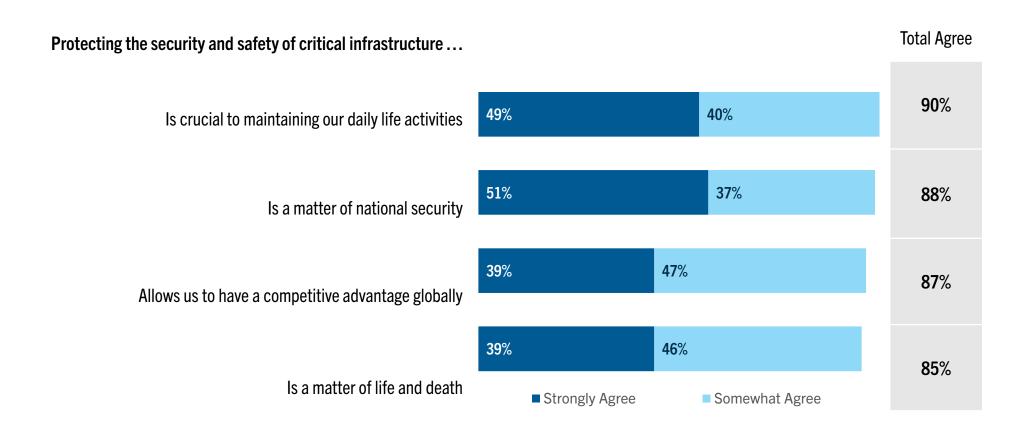
Vice President, MITRE

Director, Center for Homeland Security



The U.S. public agrees, almost universally, that protecting critical infrastructure is essential to our daily lives, national security, and our ability to maintain a global advantage.

To what extent do you agree with the following statements about the security and safety of critical infrastructure in the United States?





Homeowners feel greater urgency to protect our critical infrastructure. Gen Z is less concerned than older generations.

To what extent do you agree with the following statements about the security and safety of critical infrastructure in the United States?

Protecting the security and safety of critical infrastructure ... % Agree (Strongly/Somewhat) Is crucial to maintaining our daily life activities 93% 86% 96% 73% 91% 88% Is a matter of national security 84% 89% 82% Allows us to have a competitive advantage globally 80% 88% Is a matter of life and death

Millennials

Gen X

Boomers+

■ Gen Z



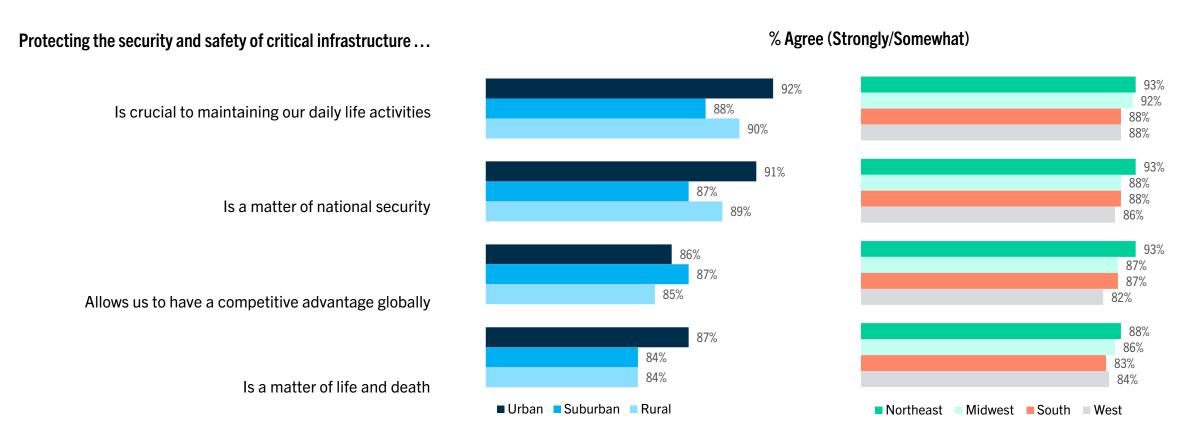
Renters

Homeowners



Urban residents and those in the Northeast feel more strongly than others about the urgency to protect our critical infrastructure.

To what extent do you agree with the following statements about the security and safety of critical infrastructure in the United States?







Gen Z Differs with Other Generations on their Concern



In this poll, Gen Z stands out based on substantially lower levels of concerns about security and safety of critical infrastructure vs. any other demographic group.

This insight is key reinforcement of Gen Z's ambivalence to many cybersecurity issues. Although, and likely because, Gen Z are digital natives, they treat privacy and security threats much more lightly than other generations.



Rob Jekielek

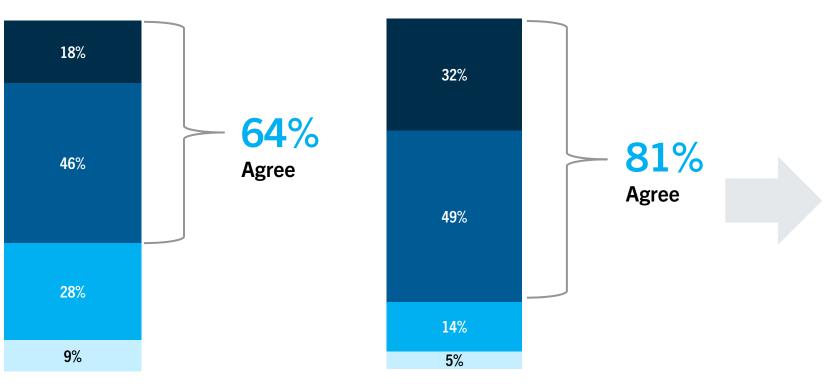
Managing Director, The Harris Poll



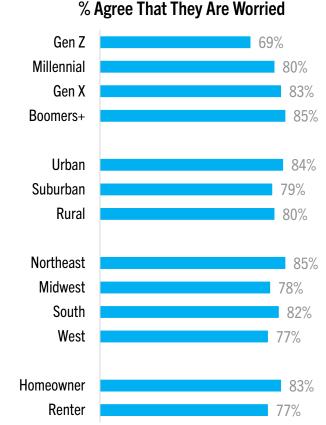
Even though most residents believe that the U.S. has one of the safest and most secure critical infrastructure in the world, 81% are still worried about its safety and security.

The United States has one of the most safe and secure critical infrastructures in the world

I am worried about the safety and security of our critical infrastructure in the United States.



Strongly Disagree

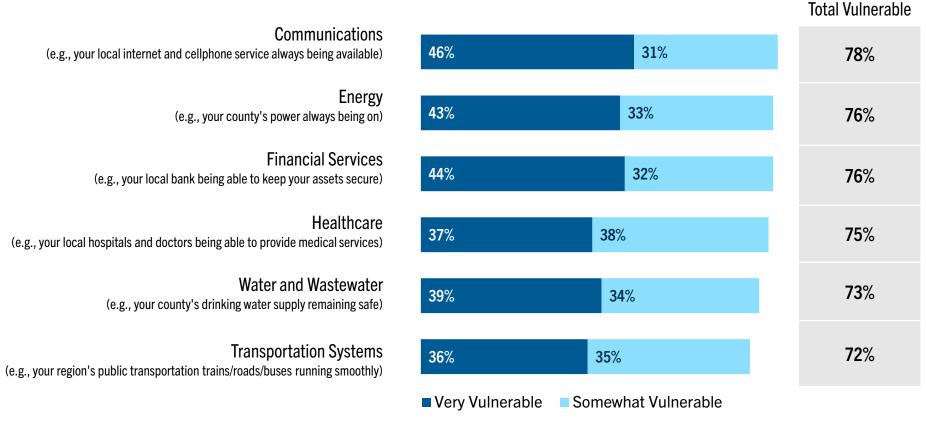


■ Strongly Agree ■ Somewhat Agree ■ Somewhat Disagree



Roughly 3-in-4 believe each major critical infrastructure sector is vulnerable to cyberattack, but communications, energy, and financial services are considered the most vulnerable.

How vulnerable to cyberattack do you believe each of the following are?



Source: MITRE-Harris Poll 2024 Securing Critical Infrastructure

Q4. How vulnerable to a cyberattack do you believe each of the following are, if at all?



Planning and Practicing Can Thwart Adversaries



According to our poll, the public considers cyberattacks to be of the greatest risk to critical infrastructure, and 51% believe we may not be able to recover from an attack. MITRE is working across and with critical infrastructure sectors to test, identify, and remedy their cyber vulnerabilities. But there are hundreds of those organizations, and they all need to evaluate and fortify their emergency plans for cyberattacks, much like they do for natural disaster planning. A well-exercised emergency plan, coupled with effective detection, indication and warning, can thwart even the most sophisticated adversary.

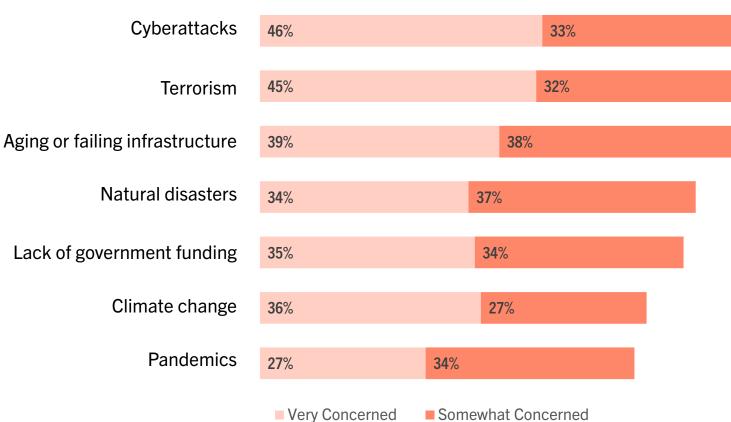
Chuck Lewis

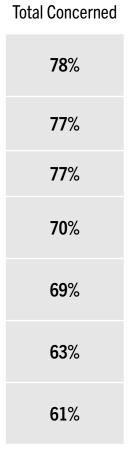
Managing Director, Homeland Security Enterprise, MITRE



Cyberattacks, terrorism and aging/failing infrastructure are considered the greatest risks to our critical infrastructure.

How concerned are you about each of the following as a risk to our critical infrastructure?

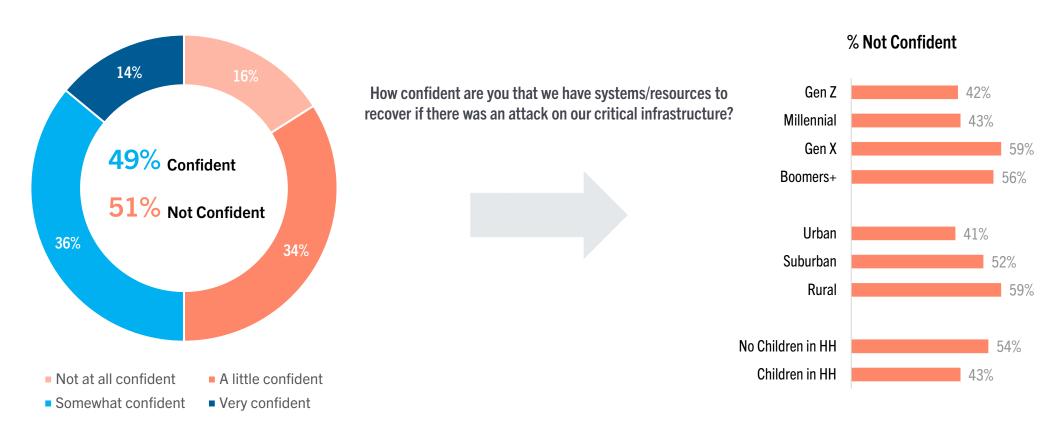






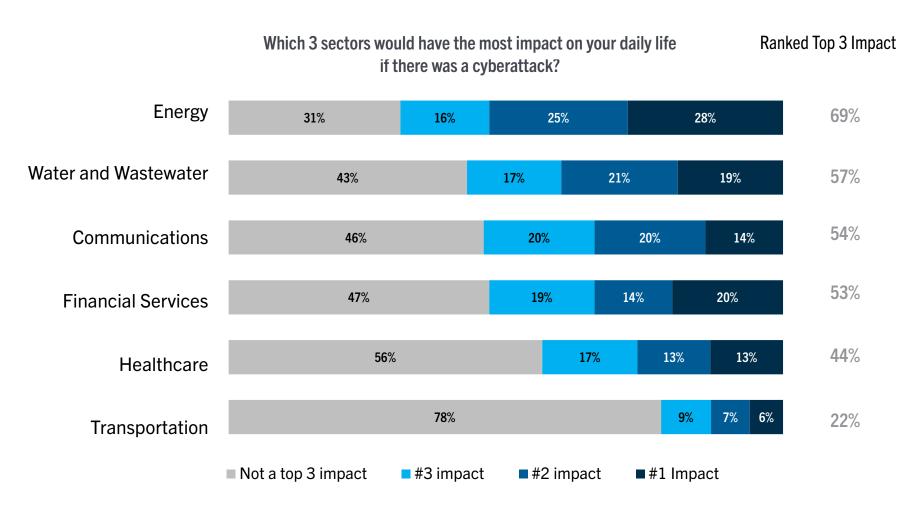
The U.S. public is evenly split on whether they have confidence that we have the systems and resources to recover if our critical infrastructure is attacked.

Older generations, suburban and rural residents, and those without children are less confident in our ability to recover.



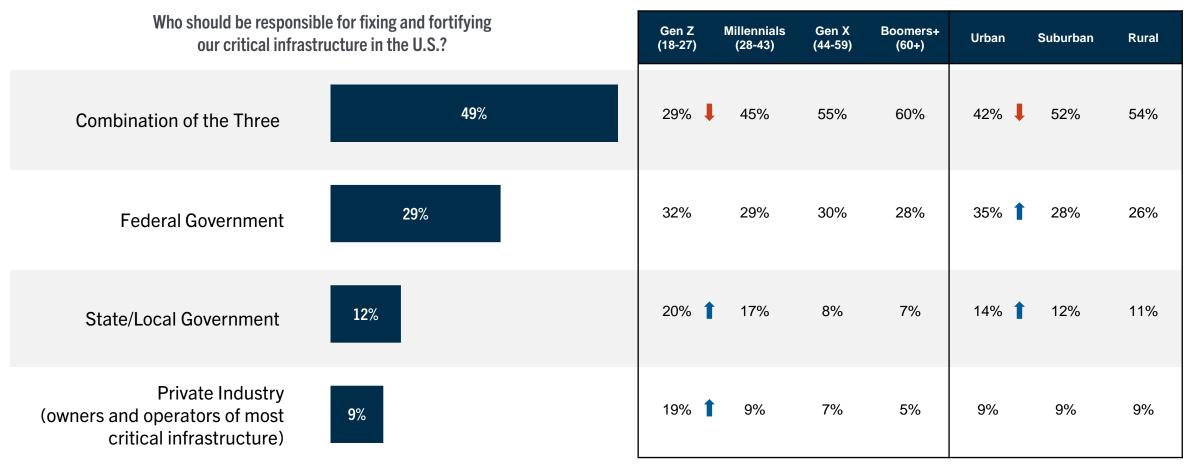


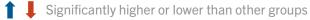
The U.S. public says a disruption in energy due to cyberattack would have the most impact on their daily life, followed by a disruption in water and wastewater.





78% believe the federal government bears full or partial responsibility for fortifying our critical infrastructure.







The U.S. Public Can Do Their Part



Our adversaries want us to panic if, and when, they attack our critical infrastructure. Just as we prepare for storms and other natural disasters, we must take on a mindset to prepare for attacks on our critical infrastructure. While funding for fixing and fortifying our critical infrastructure is determined, we can all do our part by being resilient in the face of emergencies.

Mark Bristow

Director, Cyber Infrastructure Protection Innovation Center, MITRE





Thank you

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